

VELAMMAL COLLEGE OF

DEPARTMENT

ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

OF ECE

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT TEST – D

ANSWER

KEY

**SUBJECT: 21EC203/ SIGNALS AND
SYSTEMS**

DATE 12/9/21

PART-A

)

$u(n)$

=

Scal

2)

nyo
o $A < 0$

n=0

nto

$$x^{(n)} = (-1)^n, \quad -2 \leq n \leq 2.$$

رات

رائع

$$= -1]$$

Xera)

T

2

$x^{(n)}$

i

$x^{(n)}$

o

xO (^)

آرام را راه

رائع =

teral

$x_0(n) = 0$

رها
3

(
4)

5

* (^) =

{0, -4, 3, 4, 5, 2}

$$= 8(n-1) - 28(n-1) + 38(n-2) + 8(n-1) + 58$$

(0-4)

$$x(t) = \sin 20 \text{Tit} + \sin 5\pi E$$

$$A1 = \underline{IT\pi}$$

@

та

π =

π

воπ

=

л

сo

Q

$$471=62$$

еже)

$$(t) = c$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad y(x) =$$

$$y_1(t)$$

$$= e$$

$$a, X_1(E)$$

$$y_2(t) = e$$

"1

$$+28(n-s)$$

$$612 = \frac{2\pi}{5\pi}$$

$$T = 2/5$$

Aa fact)

e

$$\left((a, x_1(t) + 92 x_2(t)) \right)$$

3

$$42 \times 2 (8)$$

$$y(t) + J_2(t) = C$$

$$= e^{9,2-(2-)}$$

$$+ @ + E$$

e

The given system is Non teneal

$$x(1) = \{1, 2, -1, 0, 3, 4\}$$

$$x(n-1)$$

3

$$x(Qn)$$

3

2

2

9

5 b

2

122 ⁿ

$$+7 \times (n) = \sin$$

$$(6T+1)$$

co

N

=

QII xm

مل

(i) reet

N=7

$$(++1$$

$$)$$

rect (t)

$$= \frac{2\pi}{6\pi/4} x_m =$$

rect

$$= \frac{2\pi}{6\pi/4} x_m = 7 \text{ for } m=3.$$

$$\left(\frac{+}{+} \% \right)$$

$$4)$$

$$\uparrow \text{rect} (t + 1/4)$$

$$(t + 1/4)$$

rect
(Hutlu)

(i) 5 ramp (0.1t)

2(t)

-314

りφ

PART-B

&(onlt)

e

10

20

-3

60

5

St

shlart)

9)

a)

$$y(t)$$

=

$$tx(t-1)$$

(i)

$$Y_{ich} = tax, (t-1) - \odot$$

$$y_a(t) = tax_a$$

$$(t-1)$$

12-

$$Y, (t) + 42(t) = = [a, x,$$

$$(k-1) + \%2(k-1))$$

$$@ + Q$$

$$t a_1 (t-1) + t a_2 x_2 (t-1)$$

3

is linear

The given system

in

$$(i) \quad Y_1(t-T) = (t-T) x$$

$$(t-T-1)$$

$$y(E,T) = E x (t-1-T)$$

0 #2 The system is

0

2

3

Time Variant

10220

(971)

$$(0) = 0.$$

$$y(0)$$

$$g() = x(0)$$

dynamis or
system

The sky is
dynamis

سام

$$(iv) y(-1) = -2$$

(~~)

(U)

F

(-2)

y

$$y(1) = x(0)$$

$$y(0)$$

$$= 0$$

The system is Causal

$$y(t) =$$

$$x(t-1)$$

the

with

memory

input **is** bounded, the system still becomes

unbounded as

t

The system is unstable

9)

(a) (D)

$E =$

$x(t) =$

p-st

$\int_0^t e^{-bt} dt$

e^{-bt}

e

$-b$

$\frac{1}{2}$

dt

$\frac{1}{2}$

: . Corey

$$\begin{aligned} &= -16 \\ & [e^{-t} - e^{-2t}] \\ &= -1/6 [0 - 1] = \\ & 1/6/1 \end{aligned}$$

It is [neyy
uynal,

(b)

$$(ii) \ x(t) = \frac{1}{2} (t^2 + 5u(t-1) - 4u(t-2))$$

$$E = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) dt$$

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2} (t^2 + 5u(t-1) - 4u(t-2))$$

1
~

S4

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (t^2 + 5u(t-1) - 4u(t-2)) dt$$

ct

$$+ 36 t^2$$

2

02

+

16

t/202

0

b

$$+36 +16 (\infty 0-2)$$

=

$$P = 44 \quad ++$$

$$\sqrt{2/0} = dt$$

$\pi \infty$

-

S

حل ا

2

ult)

pull-

- from £= [[ide +
\$6`d + 5 unde]

i lt

et

27

dt

dt

(9-2
)]

$$- = [1 + 36 + 16 (\sim\sim)]$$

$$+40 + [37 + 165 - 32]$$

IT

T YOU

It

T7 ∞

2T

[5+16T]

It

2

THN 2T

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} = 82 /$$

$\frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} = 736$

(i)

$$y(t) =$$

$$Y_1(t) =$$

$\frac{d^2 x}{dt^2}$

a_1

des

$$\frac{dx}{dz} + x(t)$$

$$dx_i$$

$$* +$$

$$[= = + 1$$

$$6]$$

$$+3ta. +912, (4) - 0$$

$$dt,$$

t

(in)

$$x(t) = u(t) + 5u(t-1) - Qu(t-2)$$

$$E = \int$$

$$\int_{-N}^N x(t) dt$$

S 12

dit

+

+

t lo

$$P = It$$

3
 T^∞

It

$$S.62 dt + S4 = dt$$

$$+ 36 t +$$

$$+36 +16$$

$$(\infty 0-2)$$

pult-1)

3

5-

16

2

6

4

=

Doll.

$\pm \sqrt{x/6/12}$

dt

2+

-

2

↑ult-2)

- A+ w += [[i `de +
} b "de + 5 ++de]

at

lt

1

TIN 2T

lt

tyx

dt dt

36 +16

(9-2)]

++ [37

+167-32]

+16

+]

$$= I_t + [S + NT] = I_t + \# + =$$

$$+'']$$

$$T \rightarrow \infty$$

=

TIN&T

$$2 (16) =$$

$$8W /$$

T

$$+ 1$$

(b)

(i)

$$y(t) =$$

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$$

$$=$$

$$2$$

ナコト

$$\frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$=$$

$$+2(t)$$

$$+9, 2, (7) -$$

(

$$y_1(t) = d^2x^2$$

$$+ 27 a, dr.$$

a1

dr

as

dx.

$$42 \quad (t) = \frac{dz^2 + 37 A}{a^2}$$

02

+ A2 x2 (t)

Q

$$gilt) + 92 (t) = \# d^2 [aix1 + 9xxx) + st d (a,x,+)$$

d42

di

$$x_1(t) + 92 \cdot 72(t))$$

+

$$x_2 + 3 \cdot t a_1 \cdot d \cdot x_1$$

$$+ 37 \alpha ==$$

+

[ai

a,

d2

$$x_1 + A_2$$

d2

dr2

2

dt2

$$\odot + (2$$

+

ove

eş

= 3

سلام

linear

dt

+ Q1x, (t) + Qaxa (t)

The gever **sie in** desciled
by defperential

... The rive **is**
dynamie

на

quaite

o.

Д

уС

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{dx}{dt} \\
 (t - T) = & \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 3(x - 7) \frac{dx}{dt} + \\
 x(t - T) = & 0
 \end{aligned}$$

(t, T)

de dt

= d2x de i

+37 dx de

+x (t-T)

(2 #

The she is Time Variant

The op depends

only The ove is

Causal

m

Current i_p

ВОД

0

(ii) $y(a) =$

login (1)

$y_1(n) =$

logudaxi(n)

)

Yaln

1

0
 -0

2

$$12(\sim 1 = \log_0$$

$$[93x + (\sim)] - Q$$

大

92x

$$4. (\wedge) = 42 (\wedge) = \log_0 [\text{air}$$

$$(\wedge) + Q2xa(n)]$$

=

logis

arxi (n)



The oue

in

#13

Non Linear

The she is causal

Az

logo da

xz (^)

3

By

IO

$x^{(n-1)}$

$$y^{(n)} = \log y$$

$$(n, k) = \log$$

$$x^{(n)}$$

0

=

$\frac{2}{2}$

The ave

in

Terre Invariant

رما

The one is statie

$$x(\sim) = \{0, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1\}$$

a.

$$X(1-2)$$

2

$$4 \begin{matrix} 56 \\ 5 \end{matrix} 6$$

7

$$x(x+1)$$

1234

D

2

2

-9-J

-2

(مام)

a.

i

$$x(-n)$$

-4-3-2-1

$$x(-2^{41})$$

1

$$x(\sim\sim+1)$$

$$x(29)$$

2

sie DTE + Cas Tit

22 = + = = = =

=1

Ta=

शा

२

॥

122

=

b.

门

et

Ela

-1

8

= = 6 = 201 = PL

T = 2

(t) = 5 (0s (17πt + π/4) + 2 pin
(1957+76)

It

P = 1t == s

lacks /= dt

et

TIN

25

T

T

2

Cos (1777 +The) dt
+ 2

T

fi+

Col

t

T

3

t

+

[==1+++ / +]

et

=

TIN T स

et

TIN 2T

呵

T

+

QT

می

T

Jsi

(1977+7/0
)

-T

₹

T

-T

$$JJT \quad [=XRT+O+]$$

$$= 44 \ 2+ \ [5+1]$$

TIN2T

-

7/2 watts

(is gen) =

(0.5) ^ar^)

дел

E= E 1x(1) 12

≤

020

(0.5)

य

=

×

سے

(0.25) ^

11)

a)

a)

b)

c)

1

1-0.25

PART-C

=

1

0.75

neither

even

داء

11)

d) edd

dight $y(t)$
= $x(t)$

5)

dzyst

$$x(t) - \text{dry}(t)$$

4dzyct)

sdv (t)

des

$$y(t-T) =$$

$$x(+T) d=$$

d'

d732

d+5

$$y(t-7) -4_d2$$

$$y(t, T) =$$

$$x(t-T) _d=$$

The

жy

abr

dt

$$y''(t-7) - 4y'(t-7) - 5y(t-7) = g(t-7) - 5 \operatorname{tag}((-7))$$

$$\text{des } y(t) \cdot -4_{12} - 4_{d2} y(t, T) - 5 = g(6, 7)$$

is

time Invalid

3

2

3

4

♡

c

2

u(t)

-1

$$\frac{1}{2} (\alpha$$
$$((-1)^{-4}$$
$$(1-2)])$$

2

北

$$- [u(1-2) - u(t-3)]$$

$$[RE+4) - 2(1+3)]$$

3

$$1 = u(t) - u(1-1) + u(t-1) - u(t-1)$$

$$-u(t-3) + u(4-3) + 2(-x+4) + 8(-x+3)$$

$$= u(t) + u(t-1) - u(t-2) + u(t-1) - 2(-t+4) + 8(-1+3)$$